Mikhail Andreev

EC527: Assignment 5

**Task 1: test\_generic.c**

Using the following code, ArrayA can print the float values.



**Task 2: test\_create.c base code**

The output from the base code is given below. The id’s on the thread have definitely changed:







**Task 3: change id to be a pointer**

Using the following code, this is achieved:



**Task 4: sleep(3)**

Code for work:



The output is a single line stating:

main() after creating the thread. My id is 140664013453056

with different id values. The child threads do not print anything. This is happening because the main thread terminates before the child threads reach the print statements. This causes them to also be terminated.

**Task 5: sleep(3) in main**

Code has been changed to:



This causes all the thread statements to be printed, as well as the main thread statement. Execution terminates 3 seconds after the last statement. This happens because all the threads now have time to finish executing.

**Task 6: sleep with join**

The code has been changed to the following:



The output starts by outputting the main thread statement. Then after a 3 second delay, all the child threads output their print statements. After this the main thread outputs its final statement and terminates.

This occurs because since the main thread blocks while the child threads are running, it has to wait for the threads to complete before finishing and joining. This causes the full body of the child threads to be executed, resulting in the delays and prints.

**Task 7: passing parameter**

Using the code:



We get the output:



Clearly, in this case the output is the same regardless of what the pointer is cast to.

If we change the code use the signed char:



The code does compile and the output is:

Hello World**!** It's me, MAIN!

In main**:** creating thread 0

In main**:** creating thread 1

**-**4

Hello World**!** It's me, thread # fffffffffffffffc !

In main**:** creating thread 2

**-**4

Hello World**!** It's me, thread # fffffffffffffffc !

In main**:** creating thread 3

**-**4

Hello World**!** It's me, thread # fffffffffffffffc !

In main**:** creating thread 4

**-**4

Hello World**!** It's me, thread # fffffffffffffffc !

**-**4

Hello World**!** It's me, thread # fffffffffffffffc !

It's me MAIN -- Good Bye World!

The variable is printed out correctly, but when converting to an unsigned long, we get the unsigned representation of the variable instead.

**Task 8: print out**

The printout will sometimes output messages in different orders, just based on what manages to finish processing first. However, the content is the same.

**Task 9:**

Without any changes we have:



Changing f in the code with:



We get the output:



Changing the code to modify g, we have:



The output after this is:



As more threads are created, segmentation faults start to appear. This occurs because the changes to the loop variable eventually propagate down to the main thread which is still creating threads. If the loop variable exceeds the length of the pthread\_t array, a segmentation fault will occur. This also causes less than NUM\_THREADS threads to be created.

**Task 10:**

Using the following code we can pass an array to work:



This gives the output:



As can be seen the values increment. The way this happens is because we pass the pointer to the array with an offset to the correct location. This method will work as long as the array is continuous.

**Task 11:**

**Task 12:**

**Task 13:**

**Task 14:**

**Task 15:**

**Task 16:**

**Task 17:**

**Task 18:**